# Al Moattasem International School Jubail

#### **Level 8 - Revision 5**

#### **Indices Revision Work Sheet 1**

#### **Chapter 4**

#### **Topic Indices**

To simplify fractional exponents, rewrite the expression as a radical raised to a power. The denominator of the fractional exponent is the root and the numerator is the power.

In other words: 
$$x^{m/n} = \sqrt[n]{x^m} = \left(\sqrt[n]{x}\right)^n$$

- 1 Write 27<sup>2/3</sup> as a radical and simplify.
- **2** Write  $\sqrt[4]{y^6}$  using a fractional exponent.

3 Simplify 
$$\sqrt[3]{8x^5y^6z^{11}}$$
.

- 4. Simplify
- A.  $(x^3)^2$
- B.  $(3^2)^4$
- C.  $(z^5)^2$

## 5. Simplify

- A.  $(2a)^3 =$
- B.  $(6x^3)^2$
- C.  $\left(\frac{x^2}{y}\right)^4 =$
- D.  $\left(\frac{2x}{3y^2}\right)^3$

### 6. Simplify

- A.  $x^{-3} = \frac{1}{x^3}$
- B.  $4^{-2} = \frac{1}{4^2} = \frac{1}{16}$
- C.  $-4x^5y^{-2} = \frac{-4x^5}{y^2}$
- D.  $\left(\frac{x^2}{y}\right)^{-3}$
- E.  $(3x^{-2}y)(-2xy^{-3})$
- $\mathsf{F.} \quad \frac{a^{-2}b^3}{c^{-4}d^{-1}}$
- G.  $(-2x^2y^{-4})^{-2}$

## **7)** Write in index form

- a) 2  $\times$  2  $\times$  2  $\times$  2
- b) 7  $\times$  2  $\times$  2
- c)  $\frac{5\times5\times5\times5\times5\times5}{5\times5\times5\times5}$
- d) 5  $\times$  7  $\times$  5
- 8) Simplify

 $88^{0}$