WORKSHEET REVISION-1

LEVEL-7 SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY

TOPIC: REACTION OF METALS

Fill up the blanks:

- 1. Metals react with sulphur to form compound are called as sulphides.
- 2. Gold and silver are found in the rocks as pure metals.
- 3. Obtaining a metal from its ore is called the extraction of metal.
- 4. Compounds of metals found in nature are called minerals.
- 5. Recycling of scrap metals will help to save valuable resources.

Define the following:

- 1. <u>Corrosion</u>: Corrosion is the deterioration of metals by interaction with their environment such as water, air or any acid.
- 2. <u>Unreactive metals:</u> Metals which don't react with air, water or any acid.
- 3. Ores: Metals are found in the rocks as compounds called the ores.

Name the following:

1. Bauxite is an example of.

Ans: Aluminium ore.

2. The most abundant metal in the earth's crust.

Ans: Aluminium.

3. Name the process by which oxygen is removed from the iron ore.

Ans: Smelting.

4. Aluminium is extracted by a method called.

Ans: Electrolysis

Question and Answers:

1. Write four properties of metals:

Ans: The properties of metals are:

- a. Metals are dense.
- b. Metals are malleable and ductile.
- c. They conduct heat and electricity.
- d. They have high melting point.

2.Describe how iron is extracted from hematite.

Ans: a) Extracting of iron is done by a process called smelting

i)Iron oxide is first separated from impurities, from the iron ore called as hematite.

ii)Then put iron oxide into a blast furnace along with carbon mixture is strongly heated.

iii)Oxygen is removed from the iron oxide leaving pure iron. This process is known as smelting.

3. Explain how sacrificial protection works.

Ans: Reactive metals such as magnesium ore coated on iron or steel to protect them from rusting. Magnesium is more reactive compound than iron and it reacts instead of iron and protects iron.