

Al Moattasem International School Al-Jubail.

LEVEL – 5 ENGLISH FINAL TERM REVISION-4



TYPES OF ADVERBS

Adverbs are words that are used in sentences to describe or change the meaning of a Verb or Adjective or even another Adverb.

TYPES OF ADVERBS			
TYPE	ADVERBS	EXAMPLE	
Adverbs of Manner	cheerfully, efficiently, painfully, carefully, slowly, badly, easily, well, quickly, etc.	 The children were playing happily with their toys. The police dealt with the incident very efficiently. 	
Adverbs of Time	now, yesterday, soon, later, yet, tomorrow, already, tonight, today, then, last month/year, etc.	 She'd already gone when we got there. I'm going to hang out with my friends tomorrow. 	
Adverbs of Place	off, above, abroad, far, on, away, back, here, out, outs <mark>ide, behind, in,</mark> down, downstairs, et <mark>c.</mark>	 His children go everywhere with him. Let's open the box and see what's inside it. 	

ADVERB OF TIME

I) <u>Fill in the blanks with the suitable adverb of time</u> <u>from the brackets.</u>

	1. Paul	goes home on Sundays.
	(immediately, usuall	
	2. I read an interesting b	oook(tomorrow ,
	recently)	
	3. My friend is invited for	or the party(tonight,
	,yesterday)	
	4. Henry went to Londo	n(yesterday ,
	tomorrow)	
	5. Igo	to beach in the summer.(often ,
	early)	
	6. We travel to China	(soon,
	occasionally)	
	7. I have to go	(now , recently)
	8. She	visits France.(early ,regularly)
		ished(monthly ,
	finally)	
	10.He visits his mother	·
(n	owadays, once a week).	
	11	we will travel to Paris. (recently,
	next week)	
	12.I go for a walk	(yesterday, every day)

ADVERB OF PLACE

II) Fill in the blank with the suitable adverb of place from the brackets.

1. Put the picture	the sofa. (here , over)
2. We do not want to sit	(inside, within)
3. They build a house	(forward, nearby)
4. I searched for my keys	(everywhere
front)	
5. We will keep walking	until we reach
home.	
(towards, forward)	
6. The balloon drifted	(with in ,upwards)
7. The ship sailed	(westwards, below)
8. The boys are playing	(upstairs ,
nowhere)	
9. Raj is moving far	(away, back)
10.The children ran	as soon as the bell rang.
(outside ,under)	

ADVERB OF MANNER

III) Form Adverb from the given Adjectives

<u>Adjectives</u>	<u>Adverbs</u>
1. Brave	
2. Нарру	
3. Delightful	
4. Foolish	
5. Sudden	
6. Quiet	
7. Loud	
8. Rough	
9. Rapid	
10.Heavy	

IV) Change Adjective given in the bracket to form Adverb and fill in the blank

1. My sister is playing with her toys	
(happy)	
2. Sam is driving his car	(careless)
3. She sings (bad)	
4. She is having breakfast	(quick)
5. Susan played the piano	(wonderful)
6. He solved the question	(easy)
7. Adam always behaves	(Childish)
8. The officer warned us to wait	
(careful)	
9. I opened the door	(quiet)
10.Jane speaks French	(fluent)

Answer key ADVERB OF TIME

I) Fill in the blanks with the suitable adverb of time from the brackets.

- 1. Paul usually goes home on Sundays.
- 2. I read an interesting book recently.
- 3. My friend is invited for the party tonight.
- 4. Henry went to London yesterday.
- 5. I often go to beach in the summer.
- 6. We travel to China occasionally.
- 7. I have to go now.
- 8. She regularly visits France.
- 9. The magazine is published monthly.
- 10.He visits his mother once a week.
- 11. Next year we will travel to Paris.
- 12.I go for a walk every day.

ADVERB OF PLACE

II) Fill in the blanks with the suitable adverb of place from the brackets.

- 1. Put the picture over the sofa.
- 2. We do not want to sit inside.
- 3. They build a house nearby.
- 4. I searched for my keys everywhere.
- 5. We will keep walking forward until we reach home.
- 6. The balloon drifted upwards.
- 7. The ship sailed westwards.
- 8. The boys are playing upstairs.
- 9. Raj is moving far away.
- 10. The children ran outside as soon as the bell rang.

ADVERB OF MANNER

III) Form Adverb from the given Adjectives

<u>Adjectives</u>	<u>Adverbs</u>	
1. Brave	Bravely	
2. Нарру	Happily	
3. Delightful	Delightfully	
4. Foolish	Foolishly	
5. Sudden	Suddenly	
6. Quiet	Quietly	
7. Loud	Loudly	
8. Rough	Roughly	
9. Rapid	Rapidly	
10.Heavy	Heavily	

IV) Change Adjective given in the bracket to form Adverb and fill in the blank

- 1. My sister is playing with her toys happily.(happy)
- 2. Sam is driving his car carelessly. (careless)
- 3. She singsbadly. (bad)
- 4. She is having breakfastquickly. (quick)
- 5. Susan played the pianowonderfully. (wonderful)
- 6. He solved the question easily . (easy)
- 7. Adam always behaves childishly. (Childish)
- 8. The officer warned us to wait carefully.(careful)
- 9. I opened the door quietly .(quiet)
- 10. Jane speaks French fluently. (fluent)