## ANSWER WORKSHEET 4

1. (i) $\frac{88}{100}=88 \%$
(ii) $50 \%$ of $100=\frac{50}{100} \times 100=50$
2. (i) $0.78=0.78 \times 100 \%=78 \%$
(ii) $1 \frac{1}{8}=\frac{\frac{9}{-0}}{\frac{0}{2}} \times 100 \%=\frac{95}{2}=\frac{925}{2}=112.5 \%$
(iii) $1.456=1.456 \times 100 \%=145.6 \%$
(iv) $\frac{9}{10}=\frac{9}{10} \times 100 \%=90 \%$

## 3. Method 1:

Total no: of students $=1500$

No: of students late $=3 \%$ of them

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =3 \% \text { of } 1500 \\
& =\frac{3}{100} \times 1500 \\
& =3 \times 15=45
\end{aligned}
$$

Therefore, No: of students who are punctual $=1500-45=1455$

## Method 2:

Percentage of students who were punctual for school $=100 \%-3 \%$

$$
=97 \%
$$

Therefore no: of students who were punctual for school $=97 \% \times 1500$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{97}{100} \times 1500 \\
& =97 \times 15=1455
\end{aligned}
$$

4. New Salary = \$2205

Percentage increase $=5 \%$

We have New value $=$ Final percentage $X$ Old Value
Hence, Old value $=\frac{\text { New value }}{\text { Final Percentage }}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{2205}{105 / 100}=\frac{\stackrel{21}{441}_{2205}^{2105} \times 100}{\frac{105}{21_{1}}}=21 \times 100 \\
& =2100
\end{aligned}
$$

Hence original salary =\$2100
5. Original length $=72 \mathrm{~cm}$

New length $=90 \mathrm{~cm}$

Hence increased length = 90-72

$$
=18 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

Hence percentage increase $=\frac{18}{72} \times 100 \%$

$$
18
$$

$$
\text { = } 25 \%
$$

6. (i) $6 \frac{3}{5} \%=\frac{33}{5} \%$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{33}{5 \times 100} \\
& =\frac{33}{500}
\end{aligned}
$$

(ii) $0.7 \%=\frac{0.7}{100}$
$=0.007$

